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THE FLAGELLANTS.

FANATICISM IN THE THIRTEENTH CENTURY.

In the thirteenth century, a sect of religious fanatics called Flagellants, ravaged Italy, Switzerland and Germany, forcing all with whom they came in contact to embrace their wild creed, and directing their high handed outrages against everybody who would not join them. The Jews were their especial abhorrence, and were terribly persecuted, partly through hatred, but principally for plunder. A sketch of the progress of the Flagellants through Germany is given in the November number of Blackwood's Magazine, and in its course the following thrilling incidents are narrated. The scene opens in the cemetery at Frankfort, and Godebrecht one of the principal actors, was the brutal and hypocritical leader of the fanatics. We must premise that the Jew's daughter died suddenly of the plague, and that prior to her death, she desired that a certain wicker trunk, containing her dower in jewels, should be inearthed with her remains. This trunk also contains a strolling actor and guitar player, who, having escaped from the "Scourgers," is prompted by his vanity to make suit to the Jewess, and seeks this strange refuge to avoid meeting with her parent:

Godebracht had not trusted to the chapter of accidents for a pretext against the Jews, whose wealth he coveted, and the wealthiest of whom, Simon Stork, he had private motives to hate.—Having one day visited Simon to extort from him a ransom for the safety of his people, he had seen Cheyle, the Jew's daughter, had dared to propose to her father her dishonor in lieu of proffered jewels, and was hurled by the enraged Hebrew, with violence and contumely from the house. Before repairing to the cemetary, he had placed a combustible train in a public building close by the house of the Jew; and now, when the rage of the mob is sufficiently excited by the discovery of the musician, he leaps upon the tomb, declares he saw a fiery dart proceed from the house of Simeon, the blaspheming Jew, in whose daughter's grave a christian had so nearly perished, points to the first puff of smoke and flame which just then shows itself, declares that the Jews have a plot to burn the city, and calls upon all present to requite murder with murder and fire with fire. The pent up flames now burst out at every corner of the building, the alarm bell peals, in all the streets of Frankfort, the cry of fire resounds and it is on every mans tongue that the Jews are the incendiaries. The uproar and confusion are general; the Flagellants are masters of the city; the unhappy Israelites shut themselves in their houses, to which a violent wind quickly spreads the conflagration, aided, when its progress seems to slow, by the ready torches of the fanatics. In a few minutes the roof of Simon Stork's spacious mansion is utterly consumed, and the interior in a light flame. It is to this house that the body of Flagellants direct their steps, headed by Godebracht, who thirsts for revenge.

Upon their road to Simeon's dwelling, the Basle cobbler and his desperate gang met with various impediments delaying their progress.—Other bands of fanatics streamed out of the side streets, mingled with the rabble of the city, who would not be behindhand in the work of plunder. When Godebracht reached the house that was the object of his cupidity and revenge, it and the adjacent houses were enveloped in flames, which flared out of the windows of the upper stories, whilst Simeon's vaulted apartment on the ground floor was still unscathed.—The doors of the house stood wide open; the servants had fled; but none dare venture into the interior of the dwelling, rich as was the sooty there anticipated, for the flames licked along the stairs, the ceeling of the corridors was sinking, and burning timbers fell around. Godebracht stood gnashing his teeth in front of the burning house. All about him resounded the furious shouts of his companions, who beheld the spoil, upon which they had so confidently reckoned, nearly escaping from their clutches, and given to anihilation. Through the grated windows they could see the Jew in his counting house.—By the red light of the fire they saw him seated before his opened money boxes, rummaging his gold—bathing his hands in it—with a mien as indifferent as though all that was passing in no way concerned him; as though he heard not the volleying peals of the alarm bells, or the fierce yells of the foe that clamored for his blood; as though the fire that raged above and around him existed not, or as though he himself enjoyed some special protection, securing him from every harm. The unhappy father had lost all that gave value to his life and wealth, and stimulus to his exertions. With Cheyle, the world had perished for him. What could the fire do which drew nearer and nearer, or the murderers who threatened him, or the greedy hands that were streched out towards his coffers, beyond taking his life, which had become indifferent to him, and the treasures that were destined for her who was no longer there to enjoy them! In vain had his servants asked him to accompany his flight; in vain had they painted in vivid colors the dangers that each moment increased. Instinct and habit fettered him to his gold; he heard not the warnings and remonstrances of his people; he was morally stunned, and sat in a state of childish insanity, playing with his money.

"See the Jew dog," cried Godebrecht. "He mocks us; he grudges us his gold; he had rather it would perish with him than be restored to the Christians, in robbing whom he and his fathers acquired it. Let us in! The building still resists the fire; before it falls, the incendiary may be chastised, and his treasure ours. By the holy scourge! he shall not defraud us of our rights!"

The master made a hasty movement towards the open entrance, but none followed him. Only the blindest fury—only that excessive greed which gladly deceives itself as to the extent of a threatened danger, could impell any one into the interior of the house, which resembled the gaping chasm of some fiery hell. The Flagellants actually howled with rage, as Simeon displayed the wealth which they saw no possibility of appropriating; and the rabble of the city united their hoarse voices in the fierce shout.—They threw stones at the window; some, who had crossbows, shot bolts at the Jew; but none dared approach the building, from whose upper part blazing beams, and other burning fragments, poured continually down. The stones and bolts aimed at Simeon, either glanced harmlessly from the gratings, or lost their direction in passing through the pains of glass. Simeon remained unheart, and, regardless of the missiles, and of his approaching inevitable death, continued, with vacant air, his childish play.

But there was one man there, whose desire for the gold and jewels of the Jew drove him irresistibly into the furnace. Neither the warning of his companions nor the flames that filled the corridor, nor the blasting fiery glow that met him could restrain that man; with foaming mouth, one hand convulsively clenched and extended before him, in the other a gleaming knife, Godebrecht rushed into the burning house. The heat would have driven back any one else, but he still pressed forward, his hair and beard burned off his cloak in flames, to the place where, as he well knew, was the door of Simeon's counting-house. He found it, burst it open, and then those without saw him in the interior of the vaulted room—saw him throw off his burning mantle, and cast a wild, confused glance round him. Then for the first time, was Simeon aroused, by this intrusion from his state of idiotic stupefaction. He looked up—the gold pieces fell from his hand and rolled upon the floor; he recognized the leader of the Flagellants; a frightful laugh, which even through the uproar that prevailed, reached the ears of the mob outside, burst from his mouth, and with the fury and vigor of a roused tiger, he sprang, with one prodigious bound, on Godebrecht, dashed him to the ground and there began—unheeding the stabs of the opponent's knife—a work of retribution and revenge which filled even the frantic and bloodthirsty spectators with horror. He had grasped the masters throat with both hands, as in an iron vice, that each moment contracted. Closer and closer their deadly pressure. Godebrecht's eyes started from his head—his face turned blue—he lost all power of resistance and even of movement. But Simeon rested not until his work was complete.

With peals of horrid laughter he strangled the man, in whom he had recognized his mortal foe, relaxing his hold only when every spark of life had fled from the stiffening body. He laid his hand upon Godebrecht's heart, to make sure that it beat no longer, and put his ear to his mouth, to convince himself that all respiration had ceased. The master of the Flagellants was quite dead. He had fallen a victim to his own rash enterprise, and covetousness and thirst of revenge. Then with a triumphant gesture, Simeon sprang to his feet, spurned the corpse aside with a contemptuous kick, and—returned to his gold, to recommence the same childish play as before. He was bleeding from several wounds, but he felt not their smart. He heard not the ominous crackling noise which told that the vaulted roof above him had at last yielded to the violent heat; he did not notice the burning fragments that fell through the opening thus made: he continued to handle and trifle with his gold until the tottering walls of the house fell in, burying him, his treasures, and the corpse of his enemy, beneath one huge heap of ashes and smoking ruins.

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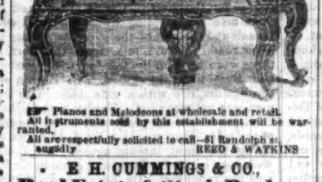

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The Daily Tribune.

CITY OF CHICAGO:

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT'R 30, 1853.

See First Page.

THE RELIGIOUS ASPECT OF THE TURKISH QUESTION.

There is one view of the much discussed and embarrassing Russo Turkish question, which has been in a very great degree overlooked, and which is still as important a plan of the matter as any other, if not, indeed, destined in the future to be the most important of them all. The English journalists of late, have awakened to the fact, that the Turkish trouble involve, a religious element, which has thus far, singularly enough, escaped observation. In an article written more than a month ago, we had occasion to remark on the absolute and despotic *religious*, as well as political, power which the Emperor of Russia exercised within his own dominions. He is the head of the Greek church within his own realm, and it is quite clear to our mind that he aspires to spiritual and temporal dominion over the members of that church in other countries. This claim, disguised as it may be by other pretexts, we regard to be the real source of all his difficulties with Turkey, and whatever may be the result of the present trouble, whether his claim shall be peaceably submitted to by the Ottoman Empire, or whether it shall be established like the faith which it shall subdue, by fire and sword, there is but very little doubt but that the world will have to recognize in him, a Prophet, Priest, and King,—a double sovereignty of temporal and spiritual authority, exactly similar to that which now exists in the Pope of Rome, and as the latter power can not, and will not for one moment, in the arrogance of her pride and the prestige of her long authority, acknowledge the right, or even the existence of such a rival power, a struggle for life or death will surely take place, when these two antagonistic vicegerents of Heaven are brought together face to face upon the shores of the Mediterranean. The conflict will be a severe one, and it must be decisive, for Nicholas is one who will do nothing by halves.

What then has Rome to expect in a conflict with Russia? Can she, once all powerful, but reduced to helplessness, resist for one moment the hordes of Cossacks which Russia would send against her devoted walls? Clearly her only hope will be in the aid and succor which she could command from the European powers who yet recognize her authority and from the armies of those Kings who still bow the knee to the successor of Saint Peter. If these fail her, she can not hope to conquer—she will again be doomed to fall, and to fall forever.

Of the powers of Europe who now recognize Rome as their spiritual head and Lord, there are but two whose military strength amounts to sufficient importance to demand notice. We say but two, for Spain, ever most devout and once most powerful, has now sunk to the extremity of insignificance, unable even to restrain the petty commotions of her own interior. The other two powers are France and Austria. Of the former it is difficult to speak, with anything like precision, of her future. It requires a prophetic ken to predict what may be her course upon any matter religious or political. But if we may base our surmises upon present indications, it would not be hazarding too much to say, that she will not offer any very violent opposition to Russia, even were Nicholas to plant his cannon on the Campagna and surround with his serfs the walls of the eternal city. The amity of France with Rome is more of a political than of a religious nature—the deeply rooted superstition which formerly bound her to the Vatican is in a great measure dissipated, and liable as she is at any moment, to be blown up with revolutions, she will very probably be in no condition to trouble her head with Italian affairs, at the moment which the crafty but bold Russian Monarch will probably seize upon to carry his designs into execution. As for Austria, it is enough to say that she has sold her birth right for a mess of pottage, and has become a willing bondsman to the autocrat of the North. A large portion of her Hungarian subjects, nearly seven millions in all, are already members of the Greek church, and numerous other portions of her people are infected with a proclivity towards the church, which is undoubtedly much more the church of their fathers than Rome can ever claim to be. In short the position of Austria is such, bound as she is to Russia, and stripped of any pretext for resistance to her will, that she will be unable to make any effectual effort in defence of Rome, or indeed even of her own provincial interest in Italy, which might be threatened by the inroads of the Autocrat. In a word, if France be not united and orthodox, Rome will be left without a single protector, and it will not be imagined of Russia that she will not find means to distract France, at the moment chosen to subdue Rome.

Thus we may well look for changes in the politico-religious aspect of European affairs, in comparison with which all former revolutions will be but phantoms. Rome once destroyed, or driven from her regal city to take refuge, perchance, on American soil—her seat usurped by a Northern Lord, claiming for himself the spiritual and temporal power of his vanquished foe, and burning with an insatiable ambition, as he casts his eyes westward, indulging fresh dreams of ambition and hopes of still vaster conquests for his arms and his faith, what changes may we not expect—what wonders may we not hope to see? This will be but the beginning of the end.

GREEK EULOGY ON CLAY AND WEBSTER.—The following is a translation from the Greek of a eulogy on Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, made by Miss Elizabeth, of Crete, a young lady, who not many years ago embraced the Episcopal creed, and is now a missionary among her countrymen at Athens:

Charmouzies' Speech in the Greek House of Representatives upon the death of Daniel Webster and Henry Clay, delivered Dec. 17 1852.

On this day's session in the House of Representatives, Mr. Charmouzies, Deputy of Laconia, having taken the floor proposed that the House should express its regret on hearing of the death of two of the great men of the United States, viz: Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, and that their names be inscribed on the walls in the peribolos of the chamber.

The Honorable Deputy introduced his proposition in the following address:

"When the wise government of a great nation—a government worthy of respect for its virtues—goes into mourning, lamenting with its people the death of one of its citizens, that citizen truly must have been a great man! And the privation of a great man is an irreparible loss to all mankind. We took up arms to shake off a heavy yoke—a yoke of reproach, and one difficult to be borne, and the sanctity of our enterprise immediately found protection in the other hemisphere, where, among many others, two truly distinguished men had effectually raised up their Christian voices in behalf of the grievously suffering Greeks. Who, among us, the surviving combatants, has forgotten, or who among our youth has not heard from his parents that, independently of the ravages of war, *famine and sickness* were decimating us; and who does not know that the bread and clothing of the Americans of the United States saved multitudes from the grasp of Charon! And who doubts that if the noble and generous minded citizens of the United States had lived in our hemisphere the Greek contest would have terminated sooner and with more success?

"Gratitude, Sirs, is a cardinal virtue of man, and the Greek nation was one of old distinguished for its virtues. Our immortal ancestors erected temples in honor of their benefactors. Among our benefactors, then, are numbered, since 1823, Daniel Webster and Henry Clay, whose death a whole nation—the people of the United States—this day lament. Let us, therefore, honorable representatives of the Greek nation, unite our tears with those of our noble brothers, the citizens of the United States, for this loss; and as proof of our gratitude, let us inscribe on the walls of this peribolos the glorious names of the Philhellenes, Daniel Webster and Henry Clay."—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

Hon. Gerrit Smith has been speaking on the *Fugitive Slave Law* at Canandaigua, N. Y. on Tuesday and Wednesday last. Some trials for violating the law are to come off at that place in a short time.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE MINE EXPLORED; or help to the reading of the Bible. Philadelphia, American Sunday School Union.

The design of this book we believe to be a creditable and worthy one, although the means the author has taken to accomplish his object may not meet with approbation of all who desire the spread of the word of Life. "The object of the author has been merely to give such a view of the Sacred volume as may, through the divine blessing, awaken the desire to search the scriptures, and assist those who are making a first effort to do so." The work is for sale by the Rev. L. P. Crawford, who is now in our city and who is the agent of the American Sunday School Union, a Society to which we are indebted for many valuable and excellent moral and religious works.

THE FIRST DECAPITATION.—The first victim of the Hards has expiated his crimes by loosing his office. Secretary Guthrie has decapitated a collector of the customs at Buffalo. He was a Hard, and took an active part at the Syracuse *Bolt*. The game has commenced and the Hards will have a hard time of it. Poor fellows! they suffer martyrdom and are unwept, unhonored and unsung. The guillotine, or as the moderns have it, the *garrote*, will be used unsparingly, and the Reign of Terror will again commence.

THE LADIES MOVING.—The ladies of Milwaukee met on Monday last and organized themselves into a Ladies Temperance League, of which Mrs. Elmore was elected President. Their plan of operations is not yet published. Mrs. Fowler and Mrs. Nichols were present at the organization and helped to set the ball in motion. If they are only in earnest, the Anti-Maine men might as well haul down their colors—they are bound to be vanquished.

DEFINITION OF AN ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Judge Spooner, of Cincinnati, wishing to let off Mrs. Pendery, who was indicted for slapping a man who called her a liar, decided that a gross insult had been given the lady, and the blow which followed it was not an assault, but "a sudden and involuntary gesticulation, going toward the face from whence the insult came."

We have no comments to make.

MAINE.—An extra session of the Legislature has been called to meet at Augusta on the 20th inst., and is supposed that on this occasion a renewed effort will be made to elect an United States Senator. The State Senate, has a Whig majority, and at the last session W. P. Fessenden came very near an election to the seat in question.

INTERESTING TO BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS.—The Boston Post says that "a young man, a member of an Evangelical Church," advertises in a New York paper for board "in a pious family where his christian example would be considered a compensation."

We have received the first number of Beverly Tucker's Paper *The Sentinel*, published at Washington, at $10 per year. It is "Hard" in its tendency, and promises to give the President its *independent support*.

Mrs. Bloomer, of unmentionable memory, lectures in Cleveland, on Monday evening next, upon Temperance.

INTERESTING FROM LIBERIA.

The following letter was addressed by the writer to a respectable colored man of Cincinnati, Ohio, and first published in the *Times* of that city. There is no doubt of its genuineness. The writer is a colored man well known in Cincinnati, and his opinion of the country of his adoption is worthy of attention.

With such accumulated evidence of prosperity in Liberia, the wonder is that any enterprising colored man can find a heart to remain in America.

MONROVIA, June 12th.

SAMUEL T. WILCOCK, Esq.:

MY DEAR SIR:—I promised to write you from New York, advising the prospects under which I was likely to sail for this country. But at New York I found no "Dumas Hotel," but a small, overcrowded house in Church street, where all was bustle and confusion, and where it was impossible for one engaged in exciting business to compose his scattered thoughts for the writing of a letter. Persons upon whose assistance I did not reckon, meeting me in Gotham, upon learning my determination, offered and gave their aid; and I left that city with a large stock of goods one-half upon consignment, and I have realized a fine profit upon the whole, which I sold in less than ninety days. My prospects for a fortune are very good, and I only wait the issue of some business now planned, to visit the United States, when I will call upon you.

My opinion of this country is unchanged—Vegetation is extraordinary. Cane is growing now on the St. Paul river, in fine style, that was planted seven years ago. Coffee and cotton both good, grow wild. You can grow almost anything under the sun, and it will thrive here as well as elsewhere, except wheat. I have never seen such a country for making money. Enterprise here is slack, and I improve upon it. Capital is small here, but brains will swell it if industry assist it.

There is room for more men; and Gaines and Wilcox can have the fever as I did, for about 5 weeks, every week or so, and then not eternally damn the country. Taggart would make a fortune here with some little assistance. "Go-a-head" is a man who will live and thrive here; but "Can't" will starve.

Provisions are nearly always worth 75 per cent. on cost in the United States, and dry goods from 80 to 100 per cent.

The population of Monrovia is about 1800, and that of the Republic, of Americans about 8500.—The trade, however, is not confined to them, except for provisions and dry goods. It is the natives who people in thousands the immense territory back of the American settlements. Their custom is worth over a million dollars annually, and the supply of that is what draws to us the many foreign vessels, exceeding twenty in all, which navigate our coast at all seasons, the dry and sultry and the humid and rainy, for the palm oil and camwood, which the native either brings in his canoe or lugs on his back through a path of the size of a hog path in the United States, for forty to one hundred miles, from the interior. This trade is annually increasing, and foreigners are competing with us for it. We have, however, prior claims, and the native is sufficiently alive to his interest to give us a preference in his trade. To learn this trade will take but a short time to come, and they who follow it will reap wealth.

I shall be pleased to hear from you by way of England as often as you feel inclined to write.

My wife joins me in regards to all the kind friends whose acquaintance we made in your city; and more particularly to your kind lady and self.

Young men without capital or business qualification should not come here unless they are mechanics. Tell Miner he would do well here, and I think also C. A. Rogers would do well; and, believing so, would desire you to write him to come from New York in the Fall expedition, and invest his money in pork, flour, bacon hams, sides, and shoulders, lard, butter, (put up in brine,) and some few calicoes, costing 7 to 9 cts. He need not be afraid of buying too many provisions. If he has more than $750, and less than $1500, he may put the balance in brown soap, star candles, brogan shoes, (at $1.25,) women's shoes, (at 75 to 85 cents,) and one or two hogsheads of tobacco, which J. B. Pinney, in N. York, will select for him, to which he may add as many United States' muskets as he can pay for; and, above all, he must come *here*, and sail from New York, or he may be bothered by the contrivances of some of the little big men attached to the Colonization Society, who are sometimes called upon to act. Tell him to accept the aid offered by the Society. It is folly to reject it. They bring you here, pay your house-rent, washing, and nursing while sick, and allow you rations. You can draw your rations at one time, or daily for the six months. You can sell them, if you like, and pay your board in a private family for ten dollars per month. All workmen get employment, and that constantly, at fair prices.

I am yours truly,
JOHN B. JORDAN.

FIRE ANNIHILATOR.—A third and more successful experiment than has heretofore been tried, came off with this machine yesterday afternoon. We have only time to say that after the fire had got well under way so that wood was well charred, three of the machines being 'let off' upon the flames, extinguished them in about ten minutes. The house was tight, but built of the most combustible materials, which were quickly in flames and burnt fiercely. The experiment was a very fair one as far as we could judge. Another trial is to take place on the same building to-night at half past seven, to give an opportunity to try the working of the invention in the night time.—*Buffalo Rough Notes.*

The Methodist Episcopal Church intend to make a great missionary demonstration at Metropolitan Hall, New York, on the second of November.

The merchant who received a *great* ins... is at present determining its *tare*.

THE CHINESE REVOLUTION.

History of the Chinese Insurrection.

ITS ORIGIN, PROGRESS, AND PRESENT CONDITION.

From the London Times, Aug. 25.

CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY.

We have now to deal with an important incident in the rebellion, which requires more light than any we yet possess to make it altogether free from doubt, and to allow us to receive it implicitly as an integral portion of our singular history. About this time, says MM. Callery and Yvan (the authors of the volume which forms the subject of this notice,) that is to say towards the middle of 1851, there appeared upon the stage a competitor for the Imperial throne, put forth by the rebel troops. Supreme honors were paid to a Chinese by the revolutionary party, who committed the heinous and unpardonable offence of decking their hero in the Imperial canary colored robe. Contrary to Tartar usages (proceeded our historians) they published the portrait of their Sovereign, and circulated it by thousands through the Chinese provinces. A copy of this portrait is placed at the beginning of *L'Insurrection en Chine*, and MM. Callery and Yvan congratulate themselves upon their good fortune in being able to offer the European public a faithful representation of the headdress and restored costume of the ancient times of Ming.

According to these writers, the pretender, Tiente, had been purposely kept in the back ground during a whole twelvemonth, his partisans having contented themselves with originating a report that a descendant of Ming was actually in existence. At this period of the movement, however, they publicly proclaimed the fact, although the sublime personage himself could not even yet be presented freely to the populace. It was essential that the new Emperor should continue in his mysterious retirement and show himself only at rare intervals to his devoted adherents. Throughout the narrative Tiente occasionally appears, and we never look upon the representative of majesty but to admire with awe. He is described as possessing a rare political sagacity, and incontestable superiority of mind, and above all, that active and energetic spirit so peculiar to men reared in the shade of secret associations. When Tiente, on one occasion, received envoys from the Governor of Kouangsi, his language is dignified, his air serene, his demeanor affable and kind. The account of his interview was published officially, we are told, by the Chinese Government, and a translation of the process verbal is given under the hands of MM Callery and Yvan. In one chapter of the history we learn that the insurgent provinces circulate money stamped with the name of the pretender, an act which renders all engaged in it liable to the punishment of death. In another we are informed that on a certain day of a certain month, Tiente and his Court established themselves in the city of Hing-gin, north of Kouangsi, and that from this place the sagacious chief, still maintaining his lofty reserve, directed the different movements of his army, while he himself carefully avoided taking any personal part in the actions. So closely is the cause of the insurgents bound up with the safety of Tiente, and so impressed is that distinguished personage with the fact, that we are informed he never exposes himself to danger.—After every engagement the Kings, his future vassals, dispatch their officers to him, and from them the descendant and representative of the Mings receives a faithful account of the momentous events that have taken place.

The account given of Tiente is so detailed that it difficult to believe it an invention of the writers, unless, indeed, we are to suppose the rest of the volume a fable; and against this conclusion the book itself furnishes satisfactory internal evidence, even if the characters of the authors themselves were not sufficiently respectable to protect them from such a charge. Dr. Yvan acted formerly as physician to the French Embassy in China, and M. Callery, the author of a Chinese dictionary, and of other Chinese works, was interpreter to the Embassy at the same time, having previously lived in China as a missionary. Both are well known and respected in France. It is not easy to account such men capable of inventing this episode of Tiente, or likely to be altogether misled upon the subject; but since perusing their work, we have been startled to find it deliberately stated, and upon good authority, in the North China *Herald* of May 28th last, that "the existence of any such person or title as Tiente was distinctly ignored by the Northern Prince, the highest chief seen, who said it was a phrase of 'outside people;' and nothing was heard of the reestablishment of the Ming dynasty." In our own impression of August 9, we published a description of Sir G. Bonham's mission to Nankin, forwarded to us from the spot by an eye witness, and in that report the writer, who had come in contact with the rebels, distinctly states that "it was said for some time that a descendant of the Ming dynasty (the last Chinese one) was at the head of the movement; but, on our asking them if this were so, they said not, and seemed indifferent to the influence which they would lose by the denial—for the idea was not without its weight among the Chinese." With these two statements before us, we are bound to hesitate before accepting the interesting history of Tiente as authentic, or regarding him as the keystone of the mighty movement that has all but wrested dominion from the enfeebled hands of its present possessor. One solution of the contradictory accounts remains, and it may help the reader's judgment in the matter, as it has certainly influenced our own.

We have seen above that TIEN-TE is described as receiving at Hing-gan, in solemn state from "the Kings" his future vassals, whatever accounts they have to render of the progress of the revolution and of their own successes in the field. These "Kings" constitute a very important part of the revolutionary *dramatis personæ*. Whether Tien-te be or be not the head of the movement, it is now apparent that, should the revolution prove triumphant, China will in all probability be, like North America, cut up into States, and unlike North America, be divided among the successful generals of the revolution—whether in federal union or not has yet to be seen. The generals or "Kings" upon whom the immediate conduct of the war has devolved, and who are destined to share in the spoil in the event of its being won, are named in MM. Callery and Yvan's volume, and their various characters given. They are five in number.—The first is already familiar to the readers of the intelligence brought by the last two mails, and would appear, from all accounts to be at least the visible head of the Revolutionary forces. He calls himself Houng-sieou-tsiuen, but he is also styled Tai ping wang, or the "Great King Pacificator." He is described as a tall sunburnt man, of an eager and resolute aspect. He is about forty years of age, and his hair and beard are already gray. He is said to be eminently courageous. Although his accent betrays a provincial origin, nobody is aware of his real name, and the district in which he was born is unknown. The reader of the last most interesting dispatches from the seat of war cannot have forgotten the lofty and blasphemous pretensions put forth by this "Great Pacificator," whose unbounded ambition is revealed in his daring assumption of divinity, and whose self-indulgence is indicated in the nature of the suite by which he is attended, and in the terrible decrees he has issued against all who even glance at the inhabitants of his harem.—It is in the name of Tai-ping-wang that the war is now carried on. He is "the Celestial King," our "Royal Master." He is something more. He is the younger brother of Jesus, and in 1837 was taken up to Heaven, where he was instructed by his Heavenly Father—from whom he received books and doctrines—in all celestial matters. His celestial mother and the heavenly sister, his wife, are described in the published pamphlets of the revolutionary army, and the work committed by God to his hands is given in detail. Sober Christians will do well to hush their notes of triumph in the presence of the audacious Tai-ping-wang.

Hiang-tsiou-tsing, or Toung-wang, which signifies "King of the East," is about thirty-five years of age; he is small, slender, and marked with the small pox, his upper lip bristling with a thinly sprinkled moustache. He speaks with extreme fluency, is easily accessible, but the place of his birth is equally a mystery to his followers. All that is known of him is, that he is married to the elder sister of the Great King Pacificator.

Siao-tcha-kouei, or Si-wang, the "King of the West," is the Achilles of this constellation of Royalty. In every engagement he exposes himself fearlessly, fighting always in front and directing the troops with a precision denoting some military attainment. He is a graceful figure, and his countenance beams with intelligence; his complexion has a strong yellow tinge, and his lengthened face has nothing of the Mongol type except the spread of the nostrils and a slant of the eyes. He has no moustaches. The King of the West, one of the most highly gifted of these brothers in arms, is only 30 years of age, and, according to report, has also married a sister of the Great King Pacificator.

Foung-hien-san, or Nan-wang "King of the South," is a scholar of the province of Canton. He has passed public examination and graduated. He is 32 years old and a favorite of his fellow students, who ascribe to him superior talents. He, too, wears no moustache, and his features have still a juvenile look. In the midst of his active soldier's life he finds time for retirement and for the pursuit of his literary studies.

Wei-tching, or Pe-wang, the King of the North, is the Ajax of the insurrectionary army. He is exceedingly tall, has the dingy hue of a Malay, and his dark moustache is hardly to be distinguished from his deep brown skin. He is only 25 years old, and is a native of Kouang-si. His physical powers and singular intrepidity has gained for him a prominent position in the insurrection. It was with this northern Prince that Mr. Interpreter Meadows—to whom the English public are indebted for the singular records that have been already communicated in these columns—had a striking interview at Nankin on the 27th of April last. From the conversation that took place on that occasion, it is evident that Pe wang has been with the missionaries, but his views, like those of the rest of his associates, are distorted and confused. He was eager to learn from his visitor if the English knew the Ten Commandments, and when Mr. Meadows immediately repeated the first, he laid his hands on the interpreter's shoulder in a friendly manner and exclaimed, "the same as ourselves, the same as ourselves." "He recurred again, and again," says Mr. Meadows, "with an appearance of much gratitude, to the circumstance that he and his companions in arms had enjoyed the special aid and protection of God, without which they could not have been able to do what they have done against superior numbers and resources; and, alluding to our declaration of neutrality and non resistance to the Mantchoos, said, with a quiet air of conviction, 'it would be wrong for you to help them; and, what is more, it would be of no use. Our Heavenly Father helps us, and no one can fight against Him.'" Whatever satisfaction we may derive from this information becomes sensibly diminished when we hear, also, from Mr. Meadows, that the Northern King is of the fixed opinion that Tai-ping-wang is the "True Lord," and that the "True Lord" is the "Lord of the whole world," as well as of China; that the "Second Son of God, and all people in the whole world must obey and follow him."

Under these five Kings the entire insurgent forces act in concert, and by them the war has been carried on from its first breaking out until the present moment. Now, it is just possible that either Tien-te is wholly a fiction, invented by the Kings for the sake of mystery, and for the influence which always attaches to hidden power, and now discarded as having served its purpose, or that he is really a true Ming, and is dead, or no longer required to help the ambition of subordinate leaders. Upon either supposition we may account for the discrepancy between the circumstantial narrative of the French authorities and the news brought home by the last dispatches; and one of the two conjectures will no doubt be found to contain some explanation of the difficulty. The account briefly given of the matter by Mr. Meadows, in a letter to Consul Alcock, dated the 26th of March, 1853, would hardly seem to be based upon correct information. "The person," says Mr. Meadows, "of whom we heard as claiming the Imperial throne under the title of Tien te, died some time back. His surname was Choo, that of the Mings, the last Chinese dynasty, of whom he declares himself the descendant. His son, a youth of two or three and twenty, is now acknowledged the head of the insurrectionary movement, claiming the throne under the title of Tai-ping." Tien-te certainly was not old enough in 1853 to leave a son of 23 two years afterwards, and we hear it nowhere hinted that the offspring of the pretender is the redoubtable and celestial King Pacificator himself. Let it suffice that Tien-te, in one form or other, has unquestionably existed as a power. If he be now given up it is because there some good political ground for parting with his company; and it is certain that so long as he lasted, his name, as the Frenchmen have it, was the expression of progress.

By the middle of May, 1851, the revolution had assumed the shape of civil war. The rising was becoming general. Wherever the insurgents appeared, hundreds flocked to their standard by common consent, and the armed invaders seemed not more eager to conquer than the inhabitants of the towns they approached where desirous to throw off the foreign Mantchoo yoke. Agitation at Pekin was manifest, and even the Chinese merchants at Canton shook their doomed tails in despair. These compared the insurrection at Kouang Si, to the eruption of the Yellow sea, and a figure of speech denoting a more terrible and overwhelming calamity the Chinese imagination has no power to utter. His Celestial Majesty took the usual step in such extremities. He dispatched new commissioners to the seat of war. This time the Prime Minister, Sai chang ha, was sent to Kouei lin, the capital of Kouang Si, and, that he might have no excuse for failure, two experienced men were ordered to bear him company. Canton was laid under contribution. An immense sum passed from the peaceful merchants pockets into the Mandarins, the city itself was placed in a state of defence, and troops were levied for that purpose of disputing the advance of the insurgents.

It was at this period that the first report of the introduction of a religious element into the political movement took all men by surprise.—Up to this moment everybody had been given to understand that a descendent of Ming, in the name and behalf of his countrymen, had taken up arms against the Mantchoo usurpers, with the full determination of carrying on a war of utter extermination; but now it was for the first time, loudly proclaimed that the hero labored no less in the interests of God, than those of suffering humanity. From the language employed, it was clear that Christian missionaries had already taken part in the broil; but whether French or English, Roman Catholic or Protestant, it was not so easy to determine. One astonishing fact, at least, could not be denied,—the progress of the revolutionary army was marked by the overthrow of pagodas and the destruction of idols. This in itself was a feature too striking and unexpected not to create a profound impression on every mind. A vast stride had been made when tails were flung to the wind, and rebellious hair sprouted forth at its own good pleasure. But what was the clipping of mortal tails to the breaking up of divine emblems! If there had been a possibility of reconciliation before, there was no hope of it now.—We have seen in the most recent accounts from China, that rebel hatred has not satisfied itself with even the wholesale annihilation of Tartar gods. This negative act has been succeeded by a plain affirmative declaration. The insurgents have not only ceased to be Buddhists, but they have become avowed believers in Christ. The belief is sadly mixed up with blasphemy and sacrilegious invention, but palpable as the mixture is, it would be idle to blind ourselves to the fact that, should the rebels suffer eventual defeat, upon the heads of Christians, of every kind, will invariably fall no small portion of celestial anger.

Commerce has much to expect from the successful issue of the rebellion; but Christianity in China has everything now to dread from the victory of the Imperial forces. When missionaries first stirred in the quarrel, as they undoubtedly have, they compromised the religion they profess, and the future toleration of their creeds depends entirely upon the result of the present conflict. So far is the western world deeply interested in the gigantic quarrel. If the "patriots" prove victorious, Christianity will, in all human probability, flourish in China, and, in course of time, must be divested of the too palpable adulterations of paganism; if they are beaten, a heavier hand will, for years to come, rest upon missionaries and their faith than any they have hitherto felt.

Before the year 1851 closed singular triumphs had rewarded the exertions of the rebels. No doubt could be entertained of the fact, for even the Pekin *Moniteur* had ceased to register the number of the Imperial victories. So much, indeed, had been won by the insurgent chiefs that they could now afford to publish charts, in which were marked the provinces they had occupied and the cities they had seized. On the 29th of September one of the bloodiest encounters of the war took place in the district of Yung gan. The insurgents remained masters of the field, and followed up their advantage by adding three important towns to their already numerous acquisitions. The magistrates of these towns were summoned to acknowledge the sovereignty of Tien-te, and all who refused were either cruelly mutilated or killed on the spot. Many suffered death rather than betray their allegiance; but the inhabitants themselves, according to the principle laid down by the rebel chiefs, were uninjured both in property and person.—Seu, the Viceroy of the Two Kouangs, of whose admirable prudence mention has already been made, disgusted with the success of the rebels, once more craved leave to withdraw to Canton, and invented a lie in order to accomplish his object. But he was not allowed to budge.—Other Mandarins, and among them Sai chang-ha, the Prime Minister, were degraded—some for having been suddenly taken ill upon the eve of an engagement, others for downright disobedience. The Celestial Emperor, it should be known, seldom punishes his generals for anything but disobedience. He bids them win a battle; they don't, and for that criminal act of non-compliance with orders they lose their buttons.

The progress of the insurgent army would seem to have been marked by one invariable course of procedure. They have attacked and made themselves masters of many cities and towns, but have abandoned their possessions not caring to hold them an hour after they had levied a contribution sufficiently large to supply the troops with provisions and pay. They press resolutely forward, seizing to-day some new point of advantage, which they will abandon altogether to-morrow. Their intent, unquestionably, is to fight their way direct to the Imperial capital. In a country centralized like that of China, a conqueror may be owner of everything but Pekin, yet, wanting that, is absolutely master of nothing. The day that shall see the rebels triumphant at the capital, will find them also rulers of the empire. Their true policy, therefore, is to hew their way through every town that opposes their advance, but to leave every conquest behind until the greatest and crowning victory is achieved.

TO BE CONCLUDED.

New York, Sept. 26.

The York hard shells made a demonstration in the open air last evening, and there could not have been less than 10,000 persons present.—The meeting was presided over by Augustus Schell. During the address of Mr. Brady, the platform for the speakers and reporters gave away with a tremendous crash, precipitating all on it among the ruins of the timber. Several persons were seriously injured.

The Telegraph last evening brought us news of a most exciting character. It will be seen that war is considered inevitable. Breadstuffs have advanced.

Consequences of the gravest kind may grow out of the letter of Secretary Marcy to the Austrian Minister. If our administration adhere to the *platform* here laid down, and the Austrian government retains its usual pride and obstinacy, we do not see how a difficulty of the most serious kind can be avoided.

We shall look for further advices from both Europe and Washington with great anxiety.

FURTHER DETAILS FROM OREGON.

In addition to the intelligence from Oregon, which we laid before our readers yesterday morning, we compile the following interesting details from Oregon papers of the latest dates:

FURTHER HOSTILITIES OF THE ROGUE RIVER INDIANS.—Information had been received at Portland and the other cities, of the hostilities of the Rogue River Indians, which we have already noticed, and the papers contain further particulars in relation thereto. On Saturday the 20th inst., says the Oregon City *Spectator*, the Superintendent of Indian Affairs received a dispatch from the acting Governor, Gen. N. Curry, to the effect that 60 stand of arms and 4,500 rounds of cartridges to accompany them, were required immediately to quell the Indian disturbances at Rogue River. The arms were promptly furnished. Upon being informed of the difficulties Gen Lane instantly resolved to go, and in five minutes was making preparation. He raised a company of about 50 men, and is probably now on Rogue River.

The Salem *Statesman* of the 23d inst., says: "Mr. S. Ettlinger arrived in this place Friday night, four days from Jacksonville bringing accounts of the general uprising of the Indians.—Several persons have been killed and others wounded; many dwellings burned, a large quantity of stock killed, and other property destroyed. Among the persons killed, are Dr. Hardin last year representative from Jackson County, and Dr. Rose, generally known to the citizens of this valley. They belonged to a company of volunteers which had been camped at Willow Springs; toward evening about a dozen of them started for the Fort. Hardin, Rose, and one other man were riding by themselves, while T'vault and the rest of the party had taken another road. About a mile from the Fort, the three were fired on by the Indians in ambush, and Rose instantly killed, and Hardin shot through the hips with a rifle ball. The third man was not wounded. Hardin kept his horse until the rest of the party who heard the crack of the rifles, came up, and lived 11 hours, suffering the most intense agony. No Indians were seen by these. The party came in for help and returning found Dr. Rose's body stripped, his throat cut in two places, one eye gouged out and his person horribly disfigured. He had about $600, which with his horse, was stolen.

Mr. Ettlinger and others went to the camp for assistance the night Hardin and Rose were killed. He says the timber for eight or nine miles was fired along the road, so that it was as light as day. The Indians were secreted behind the burning timber, and occasionally discharged a shower of arrows at them, but hit no one.

Three white men were arrested on Applegate Creek and brought into head quarters, charged with furnishing the Indians with arms and ammunition for the purpose of attack upon the whites. Three men living with squaws, were also brought in charged with furnishing the Indians with arms and instructions. They were to be tried soon after Mr. Ettlinger left.

HANGING AN INDIAN.—We learn from a letter from Steilacoom, that an Indian known as "Cultus Jim," was hanged at that place by the whites on the 20th ult., for killing one of his wives with a knife.

THE IMMIGRATION.—P. F. Thompson, Indian Agent, writing from Utille, August 10th, says: "There has passed the Utilla river, up to this time, 942 immigrants, men, women and children 191 wagons, 1,012 head of oxen, 1,005 head of cows and heifers, 428 head of horses, and 127 head of mules. The health of the immigrants has been remarkably good, there having been but two passed bed-ridden, one being a lady who was in ill health before leaving the States. I have heard of only two deaths on the route thus far. Quite a number of cattle and horses died on Snake river, but since leaving that part of the route they have been fortunate, enough, to get their stock this far in good condition.—The majority of the immigration thus far is from Illinois."

NOTICE.

DOCTOR DUCK'S Office and Lodgings, No. 41 Clark st. opposite the Bank of America, until further notice.

See HELVETIA & LAFAYETTE Gold Mining Co. in New York column.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the above Company that calls have been made upon the subscription to the Capital Stock thereof, and payable as follows, viz: Five per cent. on the first day of November next. Five per cent. on the first day of December next, and Five per cent. on the first day of January next. By the Board. A. J. WALDRON, Sec'y. Elgin, Sept. 3rd, 1853.

TO OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned having just returned from an extensive trip through Virginia, is possessed of greatly increased facilities for effecting sales of Real Estate. Persons having lots or lands to dispose of, will find their interest in placing descriptions and terms on his books. J. G. HAMILTON, 103 Randolph st.

A CARD.

Since the Proprietor's recent Laboratory enlargements have allowed him to supply his numerous orders for Lyon's Kathairon, he has also introduced some new Chemical auxiliaries which adds still to the high character of this justly popular article for Curling, Preserving and restoring the Hair. [illegible] The price is still 25 cents in large bottles, and may be had at any store in the United States. D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 161 Broadway N. Y.

BALDNESS CURED.

EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE.

For Restoring the Hair on Heads of persons bald, and to prevent the Hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article recently introduced, is a sure hair for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning public. The Proprietors have such confidence in it that they authorize their Agents to take Bald cases, on GUARANTEE. Price to be agreed upon between the parties. WM. McMILLAN, corner Randolph and State street, Wholesale and Retail Agent for Chicago and surrounding country.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Please allow us a small space in your journal, to inform our colored friends of Chicago, and the friends of humanity and justice, without regard to color, of an instance of cruel prescription which was practiced by Messrs. J. H. Reed & Co., (Druggists of our city,) a short time since. It is known to the public that Mr. R. keeps a very fine Drug Store on Lake street, and in connection with it a Soda Fountain, for the accommodation of the public. During our late warm weather, one of our respectable colored citizens, (Mr. Lewis Isbell,) who is well known in our community as a quiet and unassuming man, called at the Soda Fountain of Mr. R.; and politely asked for a glass of Soda, but instead of getting it, he was told that they did not sell soda to colored people.

We do not believe that the public sentiment of Chicago demands of Mr. Reed, or any other dealer in wares, other than that of *humanity*, this most unchristian exhibition of his pro-slavery feelings, although his establishment is a very fine one.

Now, in order to carry out this principle consistently, Mr. Reed should refuse also to sell colored men Brushes and Medicines—colored barbers, Soaps, Perfumeries, Hair Brushes, Combs, &c; but he has not done so, for the reason that it has been an important item of trade heretofore; but will probably not be hereafter.

But for fear Mr. Reed might hereafter refuse to take colored men's money at all, we will merely say to our colored friends that there are other Druggists in the city, where medicines and other articles may be procured for their money, and where a cool glass of Soda might likewise be had, should they wish to quench their thirst.

JAMES D. BONNER,
JOHN JONES,
H. O. WAGONER,
MARCUS L. LEWIS,
LEWIS ISBELL.

Western Citizen please copy.

WORMS! WORMS! WORMS!

A great many learned treaties have been written explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted however, that, after all a mode of expelling these and purifying the body from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to their origin.

Such an expelling agent has at last been found. Dr. McLane's Vermifuge proves to be the much sought after specific—[illegible] acknowledged by the entire medical faculty. As further proof, read the following from a lady—one of our own citizens:

New York, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with worms for more than a year. I was advised to use M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE. I took one bottle, which brought away about 50 worms; I commenced improving at once, and am now perfectly well. The public can learn any farther particulars, by applying to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutgers and Monroe sts.

P. S. Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge, also Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all the respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. McLane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills.—All others, in comparison, are worthless.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS ARE AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS AND ASTHMAS.

[illegible]

DIED.

At Chillicothe, Ill., Sept. 24, JAMES D. MERRITT, late of Chicago, and formerly of New York, aged 64 years.

Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Co.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Sept. 21st, '53.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, that a call of the balances unpaid on the Capital Stock subscribed for the construction of the "Beloit Division" of said Road, has been made, payable at the Office of the Treasurer in Chicago, on the 1st day of February, 1854. By order of the Board. W. M. LARRABEE, Sec'y.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.

I am now selling Drafts on New York for Chicago and New England Notes. I am paying a premium for Chicago and New England Notes and Gold of ... I am buying specie at the following rates, currency being the standard: [illegible]

Silver, Gold, and Land Warrants for sale. Six per cent. interest allowed on Current Deposites. Illegal money taken for collection. F. G. ADAMS, Exchange Broker, 44 Clark street.

THE FRUIT GROWERS' CONVENTION.

The following persons are requested to act as a Committee of Arrangements to prepare for the N. W. Fruit Growers' Association, whose meeting will be held at the City Hall, commencing on the 4th of October: J. A. Wight, Wm. Brox, Marvin Lowe, A. & W. B. Egan, Samuel Brooks, C. R. Peck, Dr. J. A. Kennicott, D. M. Bradley. J. A. KENNICOTT, President N. W. F. G. A. There will be a meeting of the Committee at the City Hall, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

NOTICE.

The ATLANTA BANK OF GEORGIA, recently chartered by the Legislature of that State, is now owned by the subscribers, and as such owners they are personally liable for all its issues in terms of the act of incorporation. The Notes of the Bank will be received on deposit by the subscribers on the same terms that Ohio and Indiana money is received, and they will be redeemed in New York by the Agents of the Bank at three-quarters of one per cent. discount. GEO. SMITH & CO. Chicago, April 22, 1853.

For New Books, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS AND MAGAZINES, LITERARY AND NEWSPAPERS, CALL AT Dauenhower's, NO. 123, LAKE STREET.

POSITIVELY THE LAST Golden Gift Festival of the Odeocamo Exhibition.

AT THE CITY HALL, comes off on Friday evening, Sept. 30th, which will surpass anything of the kind [illegible]. Gifts can be seen at S. Hoard's, 111 Lake st. Tickets can be had at Hoard's, Dauenhower's and Mellen & Co's. Only 400 Tickets are issued.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29th 1853.

MONSIEUR ANDRIEU, Tremont House:

Dear Sir:—The undersigned Citizens of Chicago, appreciating your merits as an Artist in the line of your profession, and being desirous to attend the exhibition of your panoramic views, now exhibited at the Tremont, would be pleased to tender you a complimentary benefit, at such time as may suit your convenience, during your stay in the "Garden City"—of which we hope to see a full representation from your brush, before taking your departure from the West. Very Respectfully, Yours, &c. [signatures illegible]

Lorillard Fire Insurance Company. Of the City of New York. OFFICES: NO. 61 CHAMBERS-ST., AND 63 WALL-ST. Cash Capital, $200,000. Insures Buildings, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, &c. against loss or damage by Fire, on the most favorable terms. CORNELIUS V. ANDERSON, President. KING & SMITH, Agents. 53 Clark st., Chicago.

WANTED—To work at a Lumber Establishment in Chicago, [illegible]. HANNAH, LAY & CO., Corner of Canal and Jackson sts. Chicago, Sept. 12th, 1853.

WANTED—By a young Man, a situation in a Wholesale Grocery Store or as Book-keeper [illegible]. W. H. SAMPSON, 32 Wells st.

DISSOLUTION.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the partnership existing between J. S. Saberton and R. V. Spikings, in the [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. S. SABERTON, RICHARD V. SPIKINGS. Chicago, Sept. 26th, 1853.

For California. INDEPENDENT OPPOSITION LINE. [illegible]

Spiritual Book Store & Publishing House. 300 Broadway, New York. [illegible] PARTRIDGE & BRITTAN.

Fur Goods. Fur Goods. 500 [illegible] Buffalo Robes. [illegible] CHARLES GLEAVER, 110 Lake st.

Charles Scribner's Publications. [illegible]

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS. [illegible]

DRUGS, Etc. 2,800 [illegible]

THEATRE.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 30, 1853.

Third week and positively last but one of the engagement of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE.

Friday evening, Sept. 30th, the performance will commence with the beautiful drama, in three acts, (written by Mr. Florence,) entitled UNCLE MIKE'S CABIN; or, The Convict Miner—Patsey Finnigan, Mr. Florence; Honor Maguire, Mrs. Florence; Mike (the Miner) Mr. Wright; Brien, Mr. Myers; Alice, Mrs. Rice; Maria, Miss Hart.

To be followed by the Farce of PADDY THE PIPER—Paddy, Mr. Florence; Kathleen, Mrs. Florence.

The whole to conclude with first Act of the beautiful spectacle of KATE KEARNEY—Kate Kearney (with song of Kate Kearney) Mrs. Florence, and will dance LA ARIEL; Fanty, Mr. Florence.

ADMITTANCE.—To the First Circle and Parquette, 50 cts. [illegible] Gallery for colored persons, 25 cents. Doors open at 7; performance will commence at 7¾. Seats may be secured on application to F. MARSHALL, Treasurer.

GO AT ONCE AND SEE THE GIFTS, AT THE REAL ESTATE OFFICE OF J. B. F. RUSSELL & CO., No. 94 Randolph st.

[list of gifts illegible]

MANNER OF DISTRIBUTION.

1,000 Sealed Envelopes containing orders for the 1,000 articles named [illegible]

Committee, Geo W. Meeker, Esq., 124 Lake st. G. L. Wilson, Esq., Editor Daily Journal. U. P. Harris, Esq., Chief Engineer.

BENEFIT BALL.

Man the Brakes!

No. 3!

NIAGARA ENGINE CO. NO 3.

THIS COMPANY respectfully announces that their First Annual Ball will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 13, 1853, AT THE NORTH MARKET HALL.

Firemen are invited to be present in uniform, without further notice. DEAN'S SPLENDID QUADRILLE BAND will be in attendance, Mr. S. T. Dean, Caller.

Honorary Managers. U. P. HARRIS, J. M. DONNELLY, G. S. BLOAT.

Committee of Arrangements. J. M. Kennedy, P. P. Wood, Ira Farwell, Wm. Scott, H. M. Wilcox, Leo Meyers, A. McMonegal, F. D. Parks, J. Peacord.

Floor Managers. J. M. Johnston, T. W. Wadsworth, Ira Farwell, J. M. Kennedy, Wm. Scott, John Regan, H. M. Wilcox, A. L. Johnston.

Gents wishing ladies invited will please hand their address to the Committee of Arrangements. Tickets, $3, including supper, to be had at the Book and Music Stores, of the Committee, and at the door. Carriages will be in attendance at 2 o'clock P. M.

HARDING & FITCH

OFFER AT PRIVATE SALE AT THEIR OFFICE, NO. 7 Clark st., the following described Real Estate: [illegible]

WANTED.

BY A YOUNG MAN from the East, who is well acquainted with the Dry Goods and Grocery business, a situation in a Grocery or Dry Goods Store, [illegible]. Good references given. Apply to W. H. SAMPSON, 32 Wells st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

A BOAT, with windlasses and Ropes, Fishing Nets, &c. [illegible] W. H. SAMPSON, 32 Wells st.

ARRIVED AT LAST!

AT TREMONT HALL.

Is to be Opened on MONDAY NIGHT, Sept. 26th, Andrieu's Magnificent Diorama OF London & the Crystal Palace

The most grand and gorgeous spectacle ever exhibited before an American audience, and the only work of the kind in the world. Also, complete Panoramas of NEW ORLEANS AND ST. LOUIS, in three conditions, viz: PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE. Also, a charming view of that beautiful and romantic city of PEORIA. Together with the admired Southern scenes; or, The Life of a Planter. [illegible] MADAME ANDRIEU will lecture. Tickets to the whole, only 25 cts., for sale at the principal Hotels and Book Stores. T. K. BARRETT, Agent.

AUSTRALIA. PIONEER LINE.

The new and noble Boston Clipper Ship "EDWARD," [illegible] will sail from her berth Pier 19, East River, for PORT PHILIP, Australia, on the 20th October, positively. [illegible] For Freight or Passage, apply only to R. W. CAMERON, 116 Wall st., N. Y.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

PURCHASING DRY GOODS in this market for cash, are invited to examine our extensive Autumn Stock, which we offer at a great discount from regular time prices. STANLEY, HUTCHINS & GUNN, 86 Lake st.

OUR STOCK OF COLORED SILKS. CONSISTING of Brocades, Solid Plaids, Stripes, and every desirable style known in the market—is by far the most extensive in the city, to which the attention of the ladies is invited. STANLEY, HUTCHINS & GUNN, 86 Lake st.

RICH AND ELEGANT!! FALL GOODS Opening daily by L. D. OLMSTED & CO., 142 LAKE ST. 142. [illegible]

New World Cooking Stoves, 203 Lake Street 203. SAVE the price of your stove this winter in fuel in purchasing one of the New World Cooking Stoves. [illegible] I. ANDERSON, Agt. 203 Lake st.

FALL TRADE. Over 80,000 Volumes of Law, School and Miscellaneous Books. Extreme Length of store Room, 162 feet! BRILLIANTLY LIGHTED BY SKY-LIGHTS. MAMMOTH Book Establishment. D. B. COOKE & CO., Wholesale Dealers in BOOKS AND STATIONERY, NO. 123 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO. [illegible]

1853. 1853.

Sixth Annual Fair OF THE Chicago Mechanics' Institute

To Commence on the First TUESDAY in November, 1853, at SOUTH MARKET HALL.

IN ANNOUNCING to the Public that the Board of Directors design holding their SIXTH ANNUAL FAIR of THE CHICAGO MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, they would anticipate all objections that may arise in connection with anything that occurred at any previous exhibition, by assuring the Public that no reasonable efforts shall be spared on their part to make this Fair such an one as will in all respects satisfy both Contributors and Visitors. [illegible]

To the Apprentices we would say, as an inducement for them to prepare for exhibition specimens of their skill and workmanship, that they will be awarded premiums for the specimens of their work.

[illegible]

THE LADIES are particularly invited to lend us their countenance and support; and while we regard it as acknowledging the importance of their former patronage, we will endeavor to show by our appreciation of the products of their industry and skill, [illegible].

The following is a List of some of the articles for which we offer Premiums: [list of articles illegible]

OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTE.

ROBT. H. FOSS, Pres't. Peter Page, 1st Vice Pres't. Ira Scoville, 2d Vice Pres't. Lewis Dodge, Record'g Sec'y. Isaac Speer, Treasurer. Dr. McArthur, Cor. Sec'y.

Board of Directors. Stephen Derr, Albert S. Calvert, George P. Hanson, John C. Dore, Jas. Hollingsworth, Lewis Dodge.

By order, LEWIS DODGE, Secretary of the Board.

LANTERNS.—Various styles. A large supply now in store, which we are offering low. PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 103 S. Water st.

SHOVELS, SPADES AND SCOOPS.—A very large stock now in store, to which we would invite the attention of Dealers. PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 103 S. Water st.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS.—A fine assortment of Books for Children, colored and plain engravings. For sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO., 166 Lake st.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE—For October. For sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO., 166 Lake st.

DAISY BURNS.—Daisy Burns, by Julia Kavanagh. For sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Ten good Milliners and fifteen Apprentices. Apply at Barbour's Bonnet Rooms, 131 Lake st.

STRAYED—$10 REWARD!—[illegible] PETER F. HOOKEY.

NEW GOODS. STANLEY, HUTCHINS & GUNN, NO. 86 LAKE STREET. [illegible]

ANDRE LEROY. NURSERYMAN, ALGIERS, FRANCE. [illegible]

BUSINESS CIRCULAR. ELY & BROTHER. [illegible] JAMES L. REYNOLDS.

STOVES BELOW COST. 193 LAKE STREET 193. Clearing out Sale. [illegible] WM. KENNEDY & SONS.

Dress Patterns and Dress Making. [illegible]

DISSOLUTION.—[illegible]

THE SUBSCRIBER [illegible]

SALES BY AUCTION.

RANKIN & COOK, GENERAL Auction and Commission Merchants, No. 173 RANDOLPH STREET, South West Corner of Randolph and Wells. Advances made on Consignments. [illegible] RANKIN & COOK.

GREAT SALE OF Cottage Grove Lake Shore Property. [illegible] JOHN DAVLIN, Auc'r.

GRUBB & WILLMARTH, AUCTION & COMMISSION, 204 Lake st., Chicago, Illinois. [illegible]

J. E. CARY, GENERAL Auction and Commission Merchant, No. 159 Lake st., corner of La Salle, FIRE PROOF BUILDING. Liberal cash advances made on Consignments.

WM. H. HASKELL, AUCTION, COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING MERCHANT, No. 3 Water Street, Peoria, Illinois. Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

J. B. F. RUSSELL & CO., REAL ESTATE AND STOCK BROKERS, ROOMS 94 Randolph Street Chicago. [illegible]

LOTS. NORTH DIVISION. [illegible] WEST DIVISION. [illegible] SOUTH DIVISION. [illegible] LANDS. [illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

1853. 1853.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS FOR THE STATE FAIR, TO BE HELD AT DETROIT, ON THE 28th, 29th and 30th days of September.

PASSENGERS from stations West of Battle Creek will be taken to DETROIT on Special Trains. [illegible]

SPECIAL TRAINS. [timetable illegible]

Live Stock & Agricultural Implements [illegible] EDWIN NOYES.

TWO VALUABLE WATER LOTS [illegible]

WANTED [illegible]

The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ARREST OF COUNTERFEITERS.

Within the last two weeks, a considerable amount of counterfeit bills on the *Unadilla Bank*, having been put in circulation, and of a character very likely to deceive even good judges of money, the attention of Sheriff Bradley and his deputy, Pinkerton, was attracted, and they set to work to trace it up to its authors.—They ascertained, that several suspicious parties were expected here by the Michigan Southern Railroad, last Monday evening, and arrangements were made accordingly.

On Tuesday it was ascertained that a man named N. B. LATTA was selling counterfeit money in large quantities to retail dealers, and subsequently, on the same day, he and his wife were arrested as they were about leaving the city. In their possession was found both good and counterfeit bills on the Unadilla Bank, and also a large amount of jewelry, which has since been identified as a part of that which was stolen in this city some time ago.

At 10 o'clock on the same (Tuesday) evening, the Sheriff also arrested a man named HENRY BARCUS, a brakeman on the M. S. R. R. and found a large amount of counterfeit Unadilla bills upon him.

On Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, the Sheriff also arrested STEPHEN WHEELER, an accomplice of LATTA, and found a large amount of the same kind of spurious bills in his possession.

Subsequently, Capt. S. W. Harding, a prominent citizen of Peru, and well known as an old and estimable citizen of this city was arrested, on suspicion, having been seen in company with the other parties arrested, and $220 of the bad Unadilla bills were found in his possession also.

Yesterday morning, an examination was announced to take place before Justices Moon and McCarty, at the office of the former on the West side of the river. Barcus was not examined, and committed in default of bail to the extent of $1,000. Capt. Harding obtained a delay of his examination for ten days, by giving bail in the sum of $2,000. The examination of the other parties was resumed last evening and continued till 10 o'clock this morning.

[illegible] Office in Rice's Brick Building, opposite Post Office. Residence, Clinton street, between Washington and Randolph. [illegible]

DR. C. TOEPFER, GERMAN HOMŒOPATH, CHICAGO, LAKE STREET, No. 131 (Near Clark St.) Office hours, from 8 to 9—2 to 3—7 to 8.

MRS. C. L. RAWSON, M. D. HOMŒOPATHIST AND OBSTETRICIAN, (Graduate of the "Western College of Homœopathic Medicine," Cleveland, Ohio, and Medical Practitioner during the last five years.) WILL give prompt attention to those desiring her professional services. Residence, No. 75 Dearborn st.

THE LATE E. S. SHUMWAY.—The death of Mr. Shumway has called out an expression of sentiment from his late professional associates, that is as flattering as it is just to his memory.—Mr. S. had not been a resident of this city quite one year, but no young man had gained the esteem of the good men of this city more rapidly. He was possessed of a fine intellect, and a heart that responded to everything truly calculated to benefit his fellow men.

AURORA RAILROAD.

Thirty-three miles of the track of the Aurora Extension Railroad were completed yesterday, leaving but ten to finish, to the Junction, when it will connect with the Illinois Central, fifteen miles North of La Salle. The contractors are now putting down iron at the rate of a mile each day, and expect to have the track finished, and trains run through by the 15th proximo. An express train will be put on immediately after. We understand that, though the bed is not ballasted or levelled, the track is smoother than any other, laid with T rail, entering Chicago.

AN OLD CITIZEN GONE!—We regret to learn of the death of Mr. JAMES D. MERRITT, at Chillicothe, on the Illinois river. Mr. Merritt was an old citizen of Chicago, and only removed hence three years ago. Mr. M. was the father of "MOUNA," whose poetical contributions to the columns of our own and other papers of the city, have made her name so familiar to the poets of our day.

CHICAGO ENTERPRISE.—Mr. A. C. ELLITHORPE, carriage and wagon maker, corner of Randolph and Morgan streets, shipped on yesterday, some twenty excellent and beautiful carriages, for Alabama. Our mechanics have a high reputation abroad for the beauty and excellence of their work, and in no one department is this character better sustained, than in the carriages and wagons which are daily turned out by our manufacturers and shipped to all parts of the South and West.

TREMONT HALL.—We have seldom seen novelty and instruction more aptly combined in any public exhibition than at Tremont Hall, last night; or a more respectable or delighted audience than witnessed the grand exhibition of M. ANDRIEU'S *Diorama of London and the Crystal Palace*, and the beautiful Panoramas of New Orleans, St. Louis, Peoria, and Southern scenes. At different periods of the exhibition, the most enthusiastic and prolonged bursts of applause were elicited, but particularly on the appearance of the dissolving scenes of the Crystal Palace, which all admit to exceed any work of the kind they ever saw.

DEATH OF MR. E. S. SHUMWAY.—BAR MEETING.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar of Cook county, at the Court Room, in the City of Chicago, on Thursday the 29th inst., THOMAS HOYNE, Esq., was called to the Chair, and E. S. WILLIAMS was appointed Secretary.

The Chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to express the feelings of the Chicago Bar upon the receipt of the intelligence of the decease of E. S. SHUMWAY, Esq., late a resident of our city, and an esteemed member of the legal profession.

Upon motion of J. L. Clarkson, Esq., a committee of five was appointed by the Chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting.

The Chair appointed J. P. Clarkson, F. Ballingall, H. F. Waite, B. F. James, and E. S. Williams as such committee.

The Committee thereupon retired, and during their absence H. R. Hurd, Esq., made some appropriate remarks expressive of his high estimate of Mr. Shumway, as a man and a lawyer, and his appreciation by the members of the Bar.

The committee, by J. P. Clarkson, Esq., their Chairman, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the Chicago Bar have heard with deep regret of the death of Elwin S. Shumway, Esq., one of their number, who, by his affability of manners in his social relations—his uniform professional courtesy, and his ability as a lawyer, had secured the respect and esteem of all who shared his acquaintance and friendship, and who were professionally associated with him.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Shumway, the Bar cannot but be sensible that they have, in common with afflicted relatives and friends, sustained a real loss; and that they will regard him, as the true friend, the unaffected gentleman, both socially and professionally, the able and eloquent advocate, and the sound lawyer.

Resolved, That the members of this Bar desire to convey to the sorrowing friends and relatives of Mr. Shumway here and elsewhere, in this their bereavement, their unfeigned sympathy and heartfelt condolement, and to weep with them in grief for his premature death.

Resolved, That the judges of the several courts in this county be requested, by the chairman of this meeting, to have these resolutions embodied in the records of the courts, and that, as a further expression of sincere regret for the death of Mr. Shumway, the Court of Common Pleas, now in session, be requested to adjourn until to-morrow morning.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the several city papers, and that a copy of them be sent to the family of the deceased.

The meeting thereupon adjourned.

THOS. HOYNE, Chairman.
E. S. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

The Daily Tribune.

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The committee, by J. P. Clarkson, Esq., their Chairman, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the Chicago Bar have heard with deep regret of the death of Elvin S. Shumway, Esq., one of their number, by the lamentable accident of which he was the victim.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Shumway, the Bar cannot but consider that they have, in common with afflicted relatives and friends, sustained a real loss; and that they will regret him, as the true friend, the unblemished gentleman, both socially and professionally, the able and eloquent advocate, and the sound lawyer.

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The meeting thereupon adjourned.

Th's. Hoyne, Chairman.

E. S. Williams, Secretary.

Shaft Broke.—The steamer Arctic yesterday morning on her way to Milwaukee, broke her shaft when nearly opposite Fort Clinton, and was towed back to this place.

Personal.—We notice the Hon. E. D. Holton, of Milwaukee, has been passing several days in our city. Mr. H. is the candidate of the Free Soil party of Wisconsin for Governor.

(Inserted by the Tribune.)

POLICE COURT.

Thursday, Sept. 29

Before Judge Rogers.—

Charles Lynch—drunk and troublesome at home. Fined $3 and costs.

Geo. W. White—drunk in street, said "he was cursed." Fined $2 and costs.

Thomas Edwards—a pugnacious baker, fighting at half after one this morning. Fined $4.00 and costs.

Robert Dove—disorderly. Fined $1 and costs.

Gaylord Bennett—drunk and bewildered in streets. Fined $3.00 and costs.

Three sailors were examined on charge of robbing the afore named Diedrich last night. No decisive evidence being adduced, they were discharged.

Jean Loiez, a sailor from Cleveland charged with robbing Alfred Bundridge on the "sand" Sunday afternoon. Two witnesses testified that they saw six or eight rods off when the robbery was committed; that Bundridge was knocked over by one man and robbed by another, who corresponded in appearance to Loiez; and they were confident that he was the man. On the other side an "alibi" was clearly proved by six witnesses, who testified that Loiez's appearance had been entirely changed since Sunday by shaving and throwing aside his old clothes. He was discharged without hesitation after this evidence.

We understand that there was a large reward offered for the detection of the thief before the case came on.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Office of the Chicago Daily Tribune, }
Thursday evening, Sept. 29. }

The Mark. was somewhat quiet this morning, to-wards noon, and prices ruled high, though not above yesterday's rates. After dinner, however, buyers held off, and orders behind also rested, though there was no sales. The shippers' views was not generally known until late, and this no doubt contributed to lessen the animation. Corn was lower, and heavy; — Oats, selling very freely, with large receipts from teams.—Rye, dull, and declined. Barley easy.

We note sales and commissions as follows:

WHEAT.—500 bu winter in bds to mill at $1 ; 3,000 do spring contracts, same and seller Oct. 1st, 1000 bu spring afloat, at 88 ; 1200 do do afloat, at 86c; and 667 bu prime to the north, at 86c.

CORN.—1,000 bu in bds afloat, at 47c ; 1,500 bu, to arrive, afloat in the week, at 46c; and 750 bu at depot, at 47c 9 cwt.

OATS.—Sales from teams large, at 30@32c; 4,000 bu in bds, at 27c ; and 4,000 afloat at 29 c.

RYE.—300 bu at depot, at 60@ 62 1/2 c.

BARLEY.—No sales. Nominally 65.

BUTTER.—50,000 lbs firkin at 15@c, packages included, and small tubs at 16c.

HOGS.—Freely at 3 1/2@ 3 3/4 cwts.

PERISHABLE.—prig Rose on taken for wheat, at 3c cts, at 6c.

Canal Receipts.

Wheat, bu	8,422	Buffalo Rushes, do	4,744
Corn, do	23,000	Oats, do	5,000
Oats, do	11,000	Rye, do	1,000
Barley, do	1,000	Barley, do	1,000
Flour, bbls	500	Flour, bbls	1,000

Canal Shipments.

Lumber, ft	1,000	Wheat, bu	1,000
Shingles, M	1,000	Corn, do	1,000
Wheat, bu	1,000	Oats, do	1,000
Corn, do	1,000	Rye, do	1,000
Oats, do	1,000	Barley, do	1,000
Flour, bbls	1,000	Flour, bbls	1,000

RECEIPTS TRAVING. & C. L. RAILROAD, Sept. 27.

Flour, bbls	1,000	Pork, bbls	1,000
Wheat, bu	1,000	Lard, bbls	1,000
Corn, bu	1,000	Lard, bbls	1,000

NEW YORK MARKET.—Sept. 29.

FLOUR.—Sales of 10,000 bbls, mostly for export, and to the trade at former prices. Sales to better grades; common grades unchanged. Sales of Ohio at $5 37 1/2@5 50 ; Michigan and Indiana at $5 25@5 37 1/2 ; Western Canal, $5 25@5 37 1/2 ; Genesee, $5 50@5 62 1/2 ; Ohio and Indiana reported closing with limited inquiry at $5 37 1/2@5 50 ; Michigan and Genesee at $5 50@5 62 1/2.

GRAIN.—Prices 1 cent greater and much easier, spread of 2 cents. Sales 100,000 bu at 1 cent advance. Sales 50,000 bu Canadian at $1 41 ; 10,000 bu Milwaukee Club at $1 40 ; 10,000 bu Chicago spring at $1 40 ; 10,000 bu Ohio at $1 40 ; 5,000 bu Ohio at $1 42 ; 5,000 bu Ohio at $1 43 ; 5,000 bu Ohio at $1 44 ; and 4,000 bu red Genesee, private terms.

RYE.—Quiet and heavy sales, 1,000 bu at 90c.

CORN.—Sales 10,000 bu at 1 cent advance. Sales 10,000 bu at 70c ; 10,000 bu at 71c ; closing for seconds ; 30,000 bu for shipment at 72c ; 10,000 bu at 73c.

WHISKEY.—Sales ... at 25@26c for Ohio ; 25@26c for Michigan.

PROVISIONS.—Better demand for Pork for shipping, and for the trade. Sales of 1,000 bbls mess at $8 50 ; 500 bbls of good light, considered unchanged.—Cut Meats quiet and unchanged.—Lard dull and declined 1/2 cent.

BUFFALO MARKET.—Sept. 28.

The market continues quiet and inactive. Business done yesterday consisted of the following sales per car load, ranging about high for her services.

WHEAT.—Sales of 1,000 bu Milwaukee Club at 90 cts.

CANAL.—Freights remain unchanged.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Receipts of Illinois Central Railroad from Sept. 1 to 21, both inclusive.

Corn	20,000	Lard	1,000 lbs
Oats	1,000	Pork	1,000 lbs
Total	21,000		

Chicago to Ottawa.—The shipments of produce by Canal and Rail, for the two weeks, ending Sept. 24, were as follows:

Corn	30,000	Beef	1,000 lbs
Oats	10,000	Pork	1,000 lbs
Wheat	1,000		

SHIPMENTS OF PRODUCE.

The amount of Produce shipped from New York for the week ending Sept. 24, was as follows:

	Value.	
Flour, bbls	46,227	$230,135
Wheat, bu	1,000	1,000
Corn, do	1,000	1,000
Corn in bbls	1,000	2,000
Total		$234,135

COMMERCE OF NEW ORLEANS.

Statement of various articles received at New Orleans from the interior from September 1st to Aug. 31st, during the years named:

Articles.	1850-1.	1851-2.	1852-3.
Flour, bbls	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Wheat, bu	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Corn, bu	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Corn in bbls	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total			

Corn, bu	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Oats, do	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Wheat, do	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Rye, do	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Barley, do	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Flour, bbls	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

BANKS.

R. K. SWIFT'S EXCHANGE OFFICE,

EXCHANGE ON CITIES OF UNITED STATES,

THE FARMERS' BANK.

THE CITY BANK.

American and Foreign Agency.

Commercial Exchange Company BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

Cutler, Brodhead & Clapp, BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE.

WEBB & MURRAY. Land Agents, Stock and Share Brokers.

INSURANCE.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

WESTERN MASS. FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Bankers and Dealers in Exchange.

THE FARMERS' FIRE INSURANCE CO. Of Oneida County, N. Y. At Utica.

Albany Insurance Company OF ALBANY, N. Y. Incorporated in 1811—Charter Extended to 1838 and 1851.

CHICAGO MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, Capital Stock .... $100,000. Office No. 8, Dearborn st., Arnold Block, up stairs.

CHARTER OAK ***Life Insurance Company,*** OF HARTFORD, CONN. J. G. HAMILTON, Agent, 161 Randolph st.

GROCERIES.

Choice Family Groceries J. H. DOGGETT.

Groceries at Wholesale. **JOSEPH HURST.** 125 .... LAKE STREET 125

TO THE CITY TRADE.

New Grocery Store.

BELDEN & TRACY, 216 .... RANDOLPH STREET .... 216 Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

FLANDERS & WADSWORTH, 112 SOUTH WATER STREET,

20,000 FEET JUST RECEIVED. **German Gilt Mouldings,** IMPORTED DIRECT. PICTURES FRAMED TO ORDER.

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N

JOHN MACKENZIE FORWARDING, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND GENERAL AGENT, No. 11 Water Street, Peoria, Ill.

RICE FAY & JOHN RADCLIFF, Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

1852. Union Transportation Company BY ERIE CANAL.

S. B. POMEROY & CO. 1853. FORWARDERS AND COMMISSION DEALERS, IN ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE, PORK AND FLOUR, Nos. 130, 132 and 134 South Water Street, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

NEW FIRM. **NEELY & HOWE,** (SUCCESSORS TO NEELY, LAWRENCE & CO.) Forwarding and Commission Merchants, AGENTS FOR PROPELLERS AND VESSELS ON THE LAKES AND CANAL AND STEAMBOATS ON THE ILLINOIS and MICH. CANAL and ILLINOIS RIVER DEALERS IN SALT, COAL, &c.

1853. T. W. ALEXANDER. JOSEPH E. BURTIS. **T. W. ALEXANDER & CO.,** Forwarding & Commission Merchants, AGENTS FOR THE **Missouri Chemical Works,** AND DEALERS IN **GROCERIES, SALT, COAL, &c.,** CENTRAL WHARF .... CHICAGO, ILL.

AGENTS FOR THE **Western States Line.**

18 53 **HOUGHTELING & SHEPARD,** FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, South Water Street, Chicago. PROPRIETORS OF THE CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS LINE. WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE. NEW YORK AND MISSISSIPPI LINE.

New York and Mississippi Line. 1853—Insured—No Transhipment—1853.

WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE. 1853 **Erie Canal Transportation.** Without Transhipment at Albany or Troy.

1853 JAMES PECK, 1853 Forwarding and Commission Merchant, DEALER IN PRODUCE, SALT, BITUMINOUS & ANTHRACITE COAL. *Steam Elevator for Receiving & Shipping Grain.* CHICAGO .... ILLINOIS. CHAMBERLAIN, LEE & CO'S FREIGHT EXPRESS, NEW YORK AND CINCINNATI LINE. OLD OSWEGO LINE OF LAKE BOATS.

1853 G. W. BOWMAN. & CO. 1853 **Commission Merchants,**

W. P. HUNT & CO., FORWARDING & COMMISSION **MERCHANTS,** FREEPORT, ILLINOIS.

TAYLOR & KIRKWOOD, FORWARDERS, STEAM AND CANAL BOAT AGENTS, Henry, Illinois.

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N.

1853 **GEO. A. GIBBS & CO.** FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. AGENTS FOR GRIFFITH'S WESTERN LINE. ECKFORD LINE. NEW YORK AND LAKE ERIE LINE. OSWEGO CANAL LINE. KASSON'S MERCHANDISE DESPATCH.

DOLE, RUMSEY & CO. Forwarders & Commission MERCHANTS, AGENTS FOR MERCHANTS' TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, With Docks and Warehouses on each side the River. Dealers in WATER LIME, SALT, &c.

1853 **GEORGE M. HOW,** 1853 STORAGE, FORWARDING, —AND— *General Commission Merchant,* LA SALLE .... ILL. FREIGHT AGENT OF ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

JOHN MURRAY, Forwarding & Commission Merchant, AND GENERAL AGENT FOR ALL KINDS OF COAL.

1853. **ISAAC D. HARMON & CO.,** Forwarding & Commission Merchants, Peru and Lasalle, Ill.

N. B. ELLS, *PRODUCE* COMMISSION MERCHANT, 192 & 194 ....South Water Street.... 192 & 194 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

1853. **R. M. MITCHELL & CO.** FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, *Large Fire-Proof Brick Block, Nos. 192 and 194 South Water St.* CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. AGENTS FOR TOLEDO, NORWALK AND CLEVELAND RAIL ROAD

1853 **W. P. SWIFT & CO.,** Forwarding and Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Grain, Flour, Pork, Salt, Lard, Hides, Wool, Seeds, Hops, Fish, &c., &c. Fulton Lake Boat Line.

DANIEL BALL. Forwarding & Commission Merchant, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

HENRY MARTIN. (Successor to Gilbert & Co.) **Forwarding & Commission** MERCHANT. Dealer in LUMBER, SHINGLES, &C. Grand Haven, Mich.

JAS. BELLOWS & CO., *Storage, Forwarding and General Commission* **MERCHANTS,** DART ELEVATOR, Cor. Buffalo Creek and Ship Canal, BUFFALO, N. Y.

C. McDONNELL. 1853. AGENT FOR TAPSCOTT & CO.'S EMIGRATION and FOREIGN EXCHANGE OFFICES.

RAYMOND & WARD WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, And Agents for sale of Goods at Manufacturer's prices. (Transportation only added.) 177 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO. 177

NEW YORK MARBLEIZED IRON WORKS. BOSTON MIRROR MARBLE MANTLES. THE METROPOLITAN. LOCOMOTIVE LAMPS. McGREGOR'S PATENT AGRICULTURAL FURNACE. PORTABLE FORGES AND BELLOWS. CHILSON'S HOT AIR FURNACES. EMERSON'S PATENT VENTILATORS. REGISTERS AND SOAP STONES. ARNOTT'S VENTILATORS. FRANKLIN SOOK WINDOW GLASS. A. MENEELY'S SON'S CHURCH AND SMALL BELLS. DURYEE & FORSYTH'S SCALES. J. M. B. DAVIDSON'S FIRE KING SAFES. R. W. RAYMOND. S. D. WARD.

MALAKOFF SAND STONE. NOTICE. Chicago, June 16, 1853.

TRANSPORTATION

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TRANSPORTATION.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. September 1st, 1853. THROUGH TO FREEPORT.

CHANGE OF TIME. ON and after the 1st of September next, (and until further notice) trains will be run as below stated, Sundays excepted.

TRAINS WESTWARD—LEAVE CHICAGO. TRAINS EASTWARD—LEAVE FREEPORT.

J. B. TURNER, Sup't.

1853 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1853 **CHICAGO TO PHILADELPHIA,** BALTIMORE, WASH. CITY, PITTSBURGH AND WHEELING. **CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD,** Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Rail Road. TOLEDO, NORWALK AND CLEVELAND RAIL ROAD. MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD. AT 10 A. M., 3.40 AND 7.30 P. M.

Fare from Chicago to Philadelphia or Baltimore .... $18. Fare from Chicago to Pittsburgh .... $12. Fare from Chicago to Wheeling .... $12.

J. DURAND, Sup't C. & P. R. R. Cleveland, Ohio.

1853. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1853. FARE REDUCED. **New York Central DOUBLE TRACK RAILROAD.** QUICKEST, SAFEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON. IN CONNECTION WITH MICHIGAN C. R. R. & MICHIGAN S. R. ROADS, VIA BUFFALO AND ALBANY, OR NIAGARA FALLS AND ALBANY.

Time from Chicago to New York 36 hours. Time from Chicago to Boston, 41 hours. Time from Buffalo to N. York 13 hours. Time from Buffalo to Boston 18½ hours.

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1853 SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS 1853 FARE FROM Buffalo to Janesville, via Milwaukee .... $12,35 CAPT. CLEMENT'S LINE OF SPLENDID **Mail Steamers,** *ARCTIC, Captain T. G. Butlin, TRAVELLER, Captain Chas. R. Cooper,* In connection with the **Milwaukee and Mississippi Rail Road.** Also, in connection with the Mich. Southern and Mich. Central Rail Roads.

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For Grand Haven. THE STEAMER LONDON will on and after Monday June 27th, take the place of steamer Detroit on the Grand Haven route, leaving Huguenin's dock every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings at 8 o'clock.

1853 **Fall Arrangement.** 1853 PASSENGERS going North will leave Belvidere at 6 o'clock A. M., daily, and arrive at Janesville at 8 o'clock, P. M. JOHN FRINK & CO.

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Soda Water and Ice Cream SALOON. JOHN F. BETH.

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